

| MARKER CODE |  |  |  |  |  |
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| STUDENT PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| NUMBER                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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TONGA GOVERNMENT
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND TRAINING

# Tonga National Form Seven Certificate ACCOUNTING 2015

## **QUESTION and ANSWER BOOKLET**

Time allowed: Three Hours

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your **Student Personal Identification Number (SPIN)** on the top right hand corner of this booklet.
- 2. Answer ALL QUESTIONS. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.
- 3. If you need more space for answers, ask the Supervisor for extra paper. Write your SPIN on all extra sheets used and clearly number the questions. Attach the extra sheets at the appropriate places in this booklet.

|           |   | Pages    | Time<br>(mins) | Total<br>Marks | Prescription<br>Weighting |
|-----------|---|----------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| SECTION A | Conceptual Basis of Accounting  | 2 - 5    | 23             | 26             | 13%                       |
| SECTION B | Process Financial Information for<br>Partnership and Company                  | 6 - 11   | 36             | 40             | 20%                       |
| SECTION C | Process Financial Information for a<br>Manufacturing Job Costing<br>Subsystem | 12 - 16  | 26             | 28             | 14%                       |
| SECTION D | Preparing Accounting Report   | 17 - 23  | 36             | 40             | 20%                       |
| SECTION E | Analyse, interpret and report on company's financial statements               | 24 - 30  | 36             | 40             | 20%                       |
| SECTION F | Explain and prepare information for management decision making                | 31 - 35  | 23             | 26             | 13%                       |
|           | TOTAL   | 35 pages | 180 mins       | 200            | 100%                      |

Check that this booklet contain pages 1-35 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

**TOTAL: 26 Marks** 

## SECTION A: CONCEPTUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

# Question 1: Accounting Concepts and Framework

Answer the following questions:

|     | ate the purpose of the accounting Framework in auditing the General |               |      |
|-----|---|---------------|------|
| Pu  | rpose Financial Report.   |               |      |
|     |   | Skill L       | .eve |
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|     |   |               |      |
|     |   |               |      |
|     |   |               |      |
| i)  | Define the concept of Liability.                                    |               |      |
|     |   |               |      |
|     |   | Skill L       | .eve |
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|     |   | 0<br>NR       |      |
| ii) | Discuss why accrued expense is considered a temporary liability.    |               | .eve |
| ii) |   | NR<br>Skill L | .eve |
| ii) |   | NR Skill L    | .eve |
| ii) |   | Skill L 4 3   | .eve |
| ii) |   | Skill L 4 3 2 | eve  |
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The fixed assets are shown at their carrying amount. This is their historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

C.

|      | assets.  | Skill I |
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|      |  | NR      |
| ii)  | Explain why the carrying amount is relevant measure of the fixed assets. | Skill I |
|      |  | 3       |
|      |  | 2       |
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|      |  |         |
|      | scribe how an accountant would apply the balance between benefit         |         |
| and  | d cost concept when deciding whether to provide additional financial     | Skill I |
| info | ormation.  | 2       |
|      |  | 1       |
|      |  | 0       |
|      |  | NR      |

| erro error pro er a reversate recent error er a earling in earling in array error |       | Skill Level 1 |  |
|---|-------|---------------|--|
| result in a decrease in liability.  | 1     | T             |  |
|   | 0     |               |  |
|   | NR    |               |  |
|   |       |               |  |
| Discuss why rate that have been prepaid at the balance date meet                  | the   |               |  |
| definition of asset.  | Skill | Leve          |  |
|   | 4     | T             |  |
|   | 3     |               |  |
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#### Question 2: Ownership Structure

Sione Palu who is in his late sixty, owns and operates a well-established firm called Anga'ofa Pharmacy. The firm currently has an equity ratio of 0.70:1 and a return on owner's equity of 75%. Anga'ofa Pharmacy services currently employs a young pharmacist, Pita Sikulu who has expressed an interest in becoming a partner in the business.

Sione has asked you to answer the following questions:

a. State **one** advantage for Sione of entering into a business partnership with Pita.

| Skill Level 1 |  |  |  |  |
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\_\_\_\_\_

| Describe the advantage of Pita entering into a business partnership with Sione.                              | Skill Lev |
|--|-----------|
|  | _ 2       |
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|  | - 0       |
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| Give <b>two</b> reasons why Sione and Pita should enter into partnership agreement.                          | Skill Lev |
|  | 2         |
| i)   | 1         |
|  | 0         |
|  | NR        |
| ii)  |           |
|  |           |
| Describe <b>one</b> advantage for Sione and Pita if they decided to form a company instead of a partnership. | Skill Le  |
| company moreau or a parmicromp.  | 1         |
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# SECTION B PROCESSING FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR PARTNERSHIP AND COMPANY TOTAL: 40 Marks

#### Question 1: Company Formation and Share Issue

Study the following information then answer the questions that follows.

Rachel Merchandise Limited is a public company that was registered on 1 June 2015 with the objective of buying and selling products that are produced in Tonga. Its prospectus inviting the public to buy 25,000 shares at \$2.00 each fully payable on application was issued to the public on that date. By 31 July 2015, application for 27,000 shares had been received. The directors allotted the shares on a first received, first issued basis and refund surplus application money on 1 August 2015.

On 1 September 2015, the directors of Rachel's Merchandise Ltd acquired Lily and Tima Ltd. The Statement of Financial Position for Lily and Tima Ltd as at 31 August 2015 is shown below.

#### Lily and Tima Ltd Statement of Financial Position As at 31 August 2015

| Shareholders Equity   | \$(000)    | \$(000)                             |
|---|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Issued Capital (900,000 shares fully paid)<br>Retained Earnings |            | 1,800<br><u>200</u><br><b>2,000</b> |
| These funds are represented by:                                 |            |                                     |
| <u>Assets</u>   |            |                                     |
| Bank  |            | 2                                   |
| Accounts Receivable   |            | 280                                 |
| Stock on hand   |            | 350                                 |
| Plant & Machinery   | 600        |                                     |
| Less accumulated depreciation                                   | <u>80</u>  | 520                                 |
| Motor Vehicle   | 225        |                                     |
| Less accumulated depreciation                                   | <u>2</u>   | 223                                 |
| Land & Building   | 2,000      |                                     |
| Less accumulated depreciation                                   | <u>500</u> | <u>1,500</u>                        |
| Total assets  |            | 2,875                               |
| <u>Less Liabilities</u>   |            |                                     |
| Creditors   |            | 300                                 |
| Short term loan   |            | 75                                  |
| Mortgage on Land & Buildings                                    |            | <u>500</u>                          |
| Total liabilities   |            | <u>875</u>                          |
|   |            | 2,000                               |

The agreement between Rachel's Merchandise Ltd and Lily & Tima's Ltd stated that all assets and liabilities were to be taken over at carrying amount on 31 August 2015 apart from the following

Plant and machinery \$500,000Motor vehicles 220,000

- An allowance for doubtful debts of 10% of Accounts Receivable is to be created.
- Lily & Tima's Ltd will be responsible for short-term loan.

The shareholders of Lily & Tima Ltd were issued with 1,000,000 ordinary shares and the balance with cash on 30 September.

a. Prepare the necessary General journal entries (including any cash entries) to record the share issue to Rachel's merchandise Ltd

(Note: Narrations are NOT required)

#### **Journal Entries:**

| Date | Particulars | Debit | Credit |
|------|-------------|-------|--------|
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
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| Skills level | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
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b. Prepare the necessary General Journal entries to record the acquisition of the assets and liabilities of Lily & Tima Ltd.

(Note: Narrations are NOT required)

**Journal Entries**:

| Date | Particulars | Debit | Credit |
|------|-------------|-------|--------|
|      |             |       |        |
| _    |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
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c. Prepare the necessary General Journal entries to record the payment made to Lily & Tima Ltd for the acquisition of assets and liabilities.

#### (Note: Narrations are NOT required)

#### **Journal Entries:**

| Date | Particulars | Debit | Credit |
|------|-------------|-------|--------|
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
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| Skills level | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
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#### Question 2: Company

On 31 March 2014, the value of building as shown in the Trial Balance for Tevita & Sons Ltd is as follows:

# Tevita & Sons Ltd Trial Balance (Extract) <u>As at 31 March 2014</u>

|                                      | Debit (\$) | Credit (\$) |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Building                             | 240,000    |             |
| Accumulated depreciation on building |            | 9,600       |
| Building Revaluation reserve         |            | 20,000      |

On 31 March 2014, the directors resolved to revalue building to their current independent valuation of \$260,000.

#### Required:

a) Show the general journal entries necessary to record the revaluation of the buildings on 31 March 2014.

#### General Journal

| Date | Particulars | Debit | Credit |
|------|-------------|-------|--------|
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
|      |             |       |        |
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| Skills level | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
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#### **Question 3: Appropriation Account**

Pita and Paula own Walrus Music shop in partnership. They also offer lessons for piano and violin and has a recording studio for musicians to record CDs.

The following Trial Balance extract and additional information relate to Walrus music shop for the year ended 30 June 2015.

#### Walrus Music Trial Balance (Extract) As at 30 June 2015

| Current – Pita   | \$ 4,000 | Capital – Pita  | \$15,000 |
|------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| Drawings – Pita  | 4,000    | Capital - Paula | 13,440   |
| Drawings – Paula | 7,000    | Current – Paula | 6,000    |

#### Additional Information:

- i) On 1 January 2015, Paula transferred \$1,000 from hia current account to his capital account.
- ii) On 1 April 2015, Pita contributed an additional \$15,000 cash to the partnership.

Pita and Paula has the following profit sharing clauses in their Partnership Agreement:

- i) Salaries to partners: Pita: \$4,000; Paula: \$5,000
- ii) Interest on drawings: 10 % per annum of the amount above agreed salaries.

- iii) Interest on current account: 10% per annum on opening balance.
- iv) Interest on capital account: 10% per annum on average monthly capital balance.

Equal share of residual profit.

a. Complete Paula's current account on the General Journal Ledger from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015. Record Paula's share of residual profit as \$9,050.

Current a/c - Paula

| Doutionloss |             |      |             |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|-------------|------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Particulars | Amount      | Date | Particulars | Amount                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|             |             |      |             |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|             |             |      |             |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | Particulars |      |             | Particulars Amount Date Particulars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Skills level 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
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# SECTION C: PROCESSING FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR MANUFACTURING JOB COSTING SUBSYSTEM TOTAL: 28 Marks

#### **Question 1: Job Cost Ledgers**

Samiu Va'inga produces toys for children. Because each consignment of toys that his business makes is different, Samiu uses a job costing system.

Given below is Samiu Va'inga's factory operations for the month of September 2015.

#### 1. Job 20 - Production of aeroplane toys.

- Completed and sold in September.
- Prior to September 1, \$6,000 of costs had been applied to the job and included in the accounts.
- During September, a further \$2,000 of direct labour was used to finish the job, and overheads for the month were applied.

#### 2. Job 21 - Production of gun toys

- This job was commenced and completed in September, but remained unsold as at 30 September.
- \$5,000 of direct material and \$3,000 of direct labour were used in the job and overheads for the month were applied.

#### **3.** Expenses paid during the month

| • | Direct labour     | \$6,000 |
|---|-------------------|---------|
| • | Direct materials  | 1,800   |
| • | Factory overheads | 3,000   |

a. Use the information given on page 12 to complete the following ledger accounts. (Note that it is NOT necessary to close or balance the account).

| Direct material control a/c |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| 2015                        | Dalamaa          | 21.000         |                                |            |  |  |
| Sep 1                       | Balance          | 31,000         |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  | Work in Progre | ss control a/c                 |            |  |  |
| Sept 1                      | Balance          | 6,000          | <u> </u>                       |            |  |  |
| Sept 30                     | Direct labour    | 5,000          |                                |            |  |  |
|                             | Factory overhead | 2,500          |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  | Direct labour  | control a/c                    |            |  |  |
| Sept 1                      | Balance          | 31,000         | Sept 30 Work in Progres        | ss 5,000   |  |  |
|                             |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  | Finished good  | s control a /a                 |            |  |  |
|                             |                  | rinished good  | s control a/c                  |            |  |  |
| Sept 1                      | Balance          | 29,000         | Sept 30 Cost of goods so       | old 9,000  |  |  |
|                             |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |
|                             |                  | Cost of good   | ls sold a/c                    |            |  |  |
| Sept 1                      | Balance          | 200,000        | <br>  Sept 30   Factory overhe | ead 10.500 |  |  |
| -                           | Finished goods   | 9,000          | <u>-</u>                       |            |  |  |
|                             |                  |                |                                |            |  |  |

| Skills level | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
|--------------|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| 4            |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 4            |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 3            |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 2            |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 1            |   |   |   |   |   |    |

b. Name the source document that generates the credit entry in the finished goods control account.

| Skill Le | vel 1 |
|----------|-------|
| 1        |       |
| 0        |       |
| NR       |       |

## **Question 2: Job Costing**

1. The Snow company uses job order costing with pre-determine department overhead rates. The rate is based on machine hours in **Department A** and on direct labour cost in **Department B**.

At the beginning of the financial year, the following data was projected.

|                       | \$(000) | \$(000) |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| Material cost         | 3,000   | 1,000   |
| Direct labour cost    | 1,800   | 4,400   |
| Factory overhead cost | 2,880   | 6,600   |
| Direct labour hours   | 60 hrs  | 352 hrs |
| Machine hours         | 240 hrs | 12 hrs  |

a. Calculate the predetermined overhead rates for **Department A** and **Department B** respectively.

| Department A | Department B |
|--------------|--------------|
|              |              |
|              |              |
|              |              |
|              |              |
|              |              |
|              |              |
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| Skills level | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
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| 2            |   |   |   |   |    |
| 1            |   |   |   |   |    |

b. The following are the actual results as reflected in the company's books at the end of the financial year.

|                       | Department A | Department B |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Material Cost         | \$280,000    | \$1,200,000  |
| Direct Labour Cost    | 1,800,000    | 4,220,000    |
| Factory overhead cost | 2,500,000    | 6,600,000    |
| Direct labour hours   | 60,000       | 370,000      |
| Machine hours         | 240,000      | 12,000       |

Use the table above and the overhead rate for your answer in 1(a) to determine the over or underapplied overhead for **each** department.

|                               | Department A | Department B |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Actual Factory Overhead       | \$2,500,000  | \$6,600,000  |
| Applied Factory Overhead      |              |              |
| Overapplied factory Overhead  |              |              |
| Underapplied factory overhead |              |              |

| Skills level<br>4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| 4                 |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 3                 |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 2                 |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 1                 |   |   |   |   |   |    |

#### **Question 3: Job Cost Sheet**

South Pacific Sports Ltd manufactures sporting goods using more labour for manufacturing process. The firm uses a predetermined overhead rate of \$25 per direct labour hour. Workers are paid \$30 per hour.

a. Complete the job cost sheet below for Tonga Sporting Ltd, calculating the labour cost, overhead cost and total cost for Job No.50

|      |                                      |            | Job Cost   | Sheet     |          |                 |
|------|--------------------------------------|------------|--|-----------|----------|-----------------|
|      | o: 50<br>mer: Tonga Spo<br>up %: 60% | orting Ltd | Start date: 1/8/2015<br>Finish Date: 25/8/2015<br>Delivered: 30/8/2018 |           |          |                 |
|      |                                      | Labour     | Material   | Labour    | Overhead | Total Cost (\$) |
| Date | Reference                            | hrs        | Cost (\$)  | cost (\$) | (\$)     |                 |
| Aug  | MR 20                                |            | 2,600  |           |          |                 |
| 5    |                                      |            |  |           |          |                 |
| Aug  | LN10,34                              | 124        |  |           |          |                 |
| 15   |                                      |            |  |           |          |                 |
| Aug  | LN 10,34,52                          | 120        |  |           |          |                 |
| 25   |                                      |            |  |           |          |                 |
| Aug  | Overhead                             |            |  |           |          |                 |
| 25   | Applied                              |            |  |           |          |                 |
|      | TOTAL COST                           |            |  |           |          |                 |

| Skills level | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
|--------------|---|---|---|---|----|
| 3            |   |   |   |   |    |
| 2            |   |   |   |   |    |
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**TOTAL: 40 Marks** 

#### SECTION D: ACCOUNTING REPORT

### **Question 1: Accounting Policies**

Mary and Salote, a partnership who operates a computer hardware supplies business are seeking for the financial reporting requirement of the business. They asks you to help them to prepare a Statement of Accounting Policies.

| Question 2 Financial Statements  a. Define Accrual Accounting.                      | 2<br>1<br>0<br>NR | Level 1   |
|---|-------------------|-----------|
|   | 1<br>0<br>NR      |           |
|   | NR                |           |
|   |                   |           |
|   | Skill             | Level 1   |
| a. Define Accrual Accounting.   | Skill             | Level 1   |
|   | Skill             | Level 1   |
|   |                   |           |
|   | 1                 |           |
|   | 0                 |           |
|   | NR                |           |
|   |                   |           |
| b. Give an example from the given information on page 18 to illustrate your answer. | 1                 | l Level 1 |
|   | 0                 |           |

#### Read the following passage then answer the questions that follow

Sione Tava and Taniela Moli own and operate Tava & Moli Accounting services, a firm that specializes in providing accounting services to small businesses.

The partnership agreement provides for interest to be paid on capital at 10% per annum and for remaining profits to be shared in the same ratio as the partner's capital.

Tava & Moli Accounting Services Trial Balance as at 30 June 2015

| Accounts Receivable   | 17,000   | Acc depreciation – Land & Building  | 19,000  |
|-----------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Bad debts             | 2,300    | Allowances for doubtful debts       | 1,400   |
| Current a/c – T. Moli | 4,500    | Bank                                | 600     |
| Drawings – S. Tava    | 48,000   | Capital a/c – S. Tava               | 40,000  |
| Drawings – T. Moli    | 36,500   | Capital a/c – T Moli                | 30,000  |
| Land & Building       | 100,000  | Current a/c – S.Tava                | 6,200   |
| Stationery            | 1,400    | Fees                                | 134,610 |
| Interest              | 2,500    | Loan                                | 43,000  |
| Office Expenses       | 6,010    | Acc depreciation – Office Equipment | 10,000  |
| Rent                  | 21,600   |                                     |         |
| Office Equipment      | 45,000   |                                     |         |
|                       | <u> </u> |                                     |         |
|                       | 284,810  |                                     | 284,810 |
|                       |          |                                     |         |

The following balance day adjustments are required:

- Invoices issued by Tava & Moli Accounting Services for fees in June but not yet recorded amounted to \$2,400.
- Bad Debts of \$1,600 are to be written off, and allowance for doubtful debts is to be adjusted to 10% of debtors.
- Rent paid in advance \$2,400.
- Interest of \$200 is owed by Tava & Moli Accounting Services at balance date.
- Land & Building are to be depreciated at 20% per annum using the diminishing value method.
- Office Equipment are to be depreciated at 10% per annum on cost.

c. Prepare an unclassified Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 June 2015.

Tava & Moli Accounting Services Statement of Financial Performance For the year ended 30 June 2015

| \$ | \$ |
|----|----|
|    |    |
|    |    |
|    |    |
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| Skills level | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
|--------------|---|---|---|---|----|
| 3            |   |   |   |   |    |
| 3            |   |   |   |   |    |
| 2            |   |   |   |   |    |
| 2            |   |   |   |   |    |
| 1            |   |   |   |   |    |

d. Give an example of Revenue from the Statement of Financial Performance you prepared in (c).

| Skill L | evel 1 |
|---------|--------|
| 1       |        |
| 0       |        |
| NR      |        |

e. Calculate the amount of accumulated depreciation on land and building that would be shown in the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2015.

| Skill Level 1 |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1             |  |  |  |  |
| 0             |  |  |  |  |
| NR            |  |  |  |  |

f. Prepare a well classifed Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2015 by completing the table below. For Owners Equity as at 30 June 2015 only include total figure of \$69,920.

Tava & Moli Accounting Services Statement of Financial Position For the year ended 30 June 2015

**Owners Equity** 69,920 This is represented by:

| Skills level<br>4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| 4                 |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 3                 |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 2                 |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 1                 |   |   |   |   |   |    |

| g. | Describe one limitation of the Statement of Financial Position that you  | Skill Le | evel 1 |
|----|--|----------|--------|
|    | have prepared in (f).  | 1        |        |
|    |  | 0        |        |
|    |  | NR       |        |
|    | <del></del>  |          |        |
|    |  | Skill Le | evel 1 |
| h. | State the major difference between the Statement of Financial Position of a  | 1        |        |
|    | partnership and a sole-trader.   | 0        |        |
|    |  | NR       |        |
|    |  |          |        |
|    |  |          |        |
| _  |  |          |        |
| Qu | estion 3: Appropriation Account  |          |        |
| a. | State the purpose of having the following account for each partner in a partnership.                                       |          |        |
|    |  | Skill Le | evel 1 |
|    | i) Current account   | 1        |        |
|    |  | 0        |        |
|    |  | NR       |        |
|    |  |          |        |
|    |  |          |        |
|    | ii) Capital account  | Skill Le | evel 1 |
|    |  | 1        |        |
|    |  | 0        |        |
|    | ·  | NR       |        |
|    |  |          |        |
|    |  |          |        |
| 1  | E ulain 1 - Deuteraulin American de la companya est  |          |        |
| b. | Explain why a Partnership Agreement may have a number of clauses relating to a profit sharing. (Do not just state what the |          |        |
|    | clauses may be.)   | Skill Le | evel 3 |
|    | <i>,</i>   | 3        |        |
|    |  | 2        |        |
|    |  | 1        |        |
|    |  | 0        |        |
|    |  | NR       |        |
|    |  |          | 1      |

c. Read the following information then answer the questions that follow:

Pita and Paula are in partnership as dealers in the second hand cars. The following details are contained in their partnership agreement.

i) Annual salaries are to be paid as follows:

Pita \$ 30,000Paula \$ 20,000

- ii) Interest on capital accounts is to be paid at the rate of 10% per annum on the opening balance.
- iii) Interest on current accounts is to be paid (or payable if overdrawn) at the rate of 10% per annum on the average annual balance.
- iv) Profits and losses are to be shared in the ratio 3:2.

The following extracts are from the Balance Sheets for the business which were prepared at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2015.

Balance Sheet – Pita and Paula

|                            | Balance one                        | 00 1100 01101 1 0101101                  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
|                            | As at 31 Ma                        | rch 2014 (Extract)                       |
| Owners Equity<br>Pita      |                                    |  |
| Capital                    | 50,000                             |  |
| Current                    | (4,000)                            | 46,000                                   |
| Paula                      | <del></del>                        | •  |
| Capital                    | 30,000                             |  |
| Current                    | 10,000                             | 40,000                                   |
|                            |                                    | 86,000                                   |
|                            |                                    |  |
|                            |                                    |  |
|                            |                                    | et – Pita and Paula<br>ch 2015 (Extract) |
| Owners Equity              |                                    | et – Pita and Paula<br>ch 2015 (Extract) |
| Owners Equity<br>Pita      |                                    |  |
|                            |                                    |  |
| <u>Pita</u>                | As at 31 Mar                       |  |
| <u>Pita</u><br>Capital     | As at 31 Mar<br>50,000             | ch 2015 (Extract)                        |
| <u>Pita</u><br>Capital     | As at 31 Mar<br>50,000             | ch 2015 (Extract)                        |
| Pita<br>Capital<br>Current | As at 31 Mar<br>50,000             | ch 2015 (Extract)                        |
| Pita Capital Current Paula | As at 31 Mar<br>50,000<br>(10,000) | ch 2015 (Extract)                        |

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the firm made a net profit of \$41,100 before salaries and interest.

#### Required:

Prepare the Profit Appropriation Statement for the year ended 31 March 2015. (**Note**: The firm's accountant considers that salaries and interest are appropriation of profit)

# Pita and Paula Profit Appropriation Statement For the year ended 31 March 2015

| ror the year en | \$<br><b>\$</b> | \$ |
|-----------------|-----------------|----|
|                 |                 |    |
|                 |                 |    |
|                 |                 |    |
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|                 |                 |    |
|                 |                 |    |

| Skill Level 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | NR |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| 4             |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 3             |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 2             |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 1             |   |   |   |   |   |    |
| 1             |   |   |   |   |   |    |

# SECTION E: ANALYSIS INTERPRET AND REPORT ON COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENT TOTAL: 40 Marks

## Question 1: Ratio

| i)  | Return on shareholders funds:   | Skill Le | evel 2 |
|-----|---|----------|--------|
|     |   | 2        |        |
|     |   | 1        |        |
|     |   | 0        |        |
|     |   | NR       |        |
| ii) | Return on total assets:   | Skill Le | evel 2 |
|     |   | 2        |        |
|     |   | 1        |        |
|     |   | 0        |        |
|     |   | NR       |        |
|     | Shareholders Equity ratio:  | Skill Le |        |
|     |   | 1        |        |
|     |   | 0        |        |
|     |   | NR       |        |
| inc | plain how a decrease in the shareholders equity ratio leads to an crease in the return on the average shareholders equity reentage. | Skill l  | .eve   |
|     |   | 3        |        |
|     |   | 2        |        |
|     |   | 1        |        |
|     |   |          |        |

NR

|        | n average shareholders equity rat   | n could use t<br>tio with redu                                   |  |                    | Skill L  | evel |
|--------|---|--|--|--------------------|----------|------|
|        | uity ratio.   | ord wrest road   | 101118 110 0110                                      | 1011014015         | 1        | Т    |
|        | . ,   |  |  |                    | 0        | +    |
| _      |   |  |  |                    | NR       | 1    |
|        | ne ratios given in the table below<br>the companies which buy comm  |  |  |                    |          |      |
|        | long term basis. The table also s   | hows the inc   |  |                    |          |      |
|        |   |  |  |                    |          |      |
|        |   | COMPANY  | COMPANY  | INDUSTRY           | •        |      |
|        | Return on Shareholders Funds  | A  | В  | AVERAGE            | •        |      |
|        | Return on Shareholders Funds Return on Total Assets   |  |  |                    |          |      |
| Us     |   | 25%<br>10%<br>0.4:1  | <b>B</b> 12.5% 10% 0.8:1                             | 15%<br>8%<br>0.6:1 |          |      |
| C<br>C | Return on Total Assets Shareholders Equity Ratio  | A 25% 10% 0.4:1  ver the follow y of each of the should explain. | B 12.5% 10% 0.8:1  ving question the two compain the | 15%<br>8%<br>0.6:1 |          |      |
| C<br>C | Return on Total Assets Shareholders Equity Ratio  se the information above to answomment on the financial stability ompany A and Company B. You | A 25% 10% 0.4:1  ver the follow y of each of the should explain. | B 12.5% 10% 0.8:1  ving question the two compain the | 15%<br>8%<br>0.6:1 | Skill Lo | eve  |
| C<br>C | Return on Total Assets Shareholders Equity Ratio  se the information above to answomment on the financial stability ompany A and Company B. You | A 25% 10% 0.4:1  ver the follow y of each of the should explain. | B 12.5% 10% 0.8:1  ving question the two compain the | 15%<br>8%<br>0.6:1 | Skill La | eve  |
| C<br>C | Return on Total Assets Shareholders Equity Ratio  se the information above to answomment on the financial stability ompany A and Company B. You | A 25% 10% 0.4:1  ver the follow y of each of the should explain. | B 12.5% 10% 0.8:1  ving question the two compain the | 15%<br>8%<br>0.6:1 | Skill L  | eve  |
| C<br>C | Return on Total Assets Shareholders Equity Ratio  se the information above to answomment on the financial stability ompany A and Company B. You | A 25% 10% 0.4:1  ver the follow y of each of the should explain. | B 12.5% 10% 0.8:1  ving question the two compain the | 15%<br>8%<br>0.6:1 | Skill La | eve  |
| C<br>C | Return on Total Assets Shareholders Equity Ratio  se the information above to answomment on the financial stability ompany A and Company B. You | A 25% 10% 0.4:1  ver the follow y of each of the should explain. | B 12.5% 10% 0.8:1  ving question the two compain the | 15%<br>8%<br>0.6:1 | Skill Lo | eve  |
| C<br>C | Return on Total Assets Shareholders Equity Ratio  se the information above to answomment on the financial stability ompany A and Company B. You | A 25% 10% 0.4:1  ver the follow y of each of the should explain. | B 12.5% 10% 0.8:1  ving question the two compain the | 15%<br>8%<br>0.6:1 | Skill Lo | eve  |

## Question 2: Company Analysis

Malakai Fotu is considering investing in a sportswear manufacturing business. He has short listed two such businesses which are for sale as going concern.

The financial information available is as follows:

#### **Balance Sheet**

|                                 | Olympicwear Ltd<br>\$000s | Oceanicware<br>Ltd<br>\$000s |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Assets                          |                           |                              |
| Cash at Bank                    | 2,000                     | 4,500                        |
| Accounts Receivable (net)       | 2,000                     | 6,500                        |
| Inventory                       | 2,000                     | 5,000                        |
| Property, Plant & Equipment     | 20,000                    | 35,000                       |
|                                 | 26,000                    | 51,000                       |
| Liabilities & Shareholders Fund |                           |                              |
| Accounts Payable                | 2,500                     | 3,000                        |
| Mortgage over Property          | 7,500                     | 29,000                       |
| Issued & Paid up capital        | 1,000                     | 3,000                        |
| Capital reserves                | 9,000                     | 9,000                        |
| Retained earnings               | <u>6,000</u>              | <u>7,000</u>                 |
|                                 | 26,000                    | 51,000                       |

#### **Income Statement**

|                                  | \$000s | \$000s        |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------------|
| Sales                            | 53,000 | 86,000        |
| Less cost of goods manufactured& |        |               |
| sold                             | 37,000 | <u>61,000</u> |
| Gross Profit                     | 16,000 | 25,000        |
| Less Operating Expenses          |        |               |
| Selling & Distribution           | 7,000  | 10,000        |
| Administration                   | 4,000  | 5,000         |
| Financial                        | 3,200  | 6,600         |
| Total Operating expenses         | 14,200 | 21,600        |
| Net Profit                       | 1,800  | 3,400         |
|                                  |        |               |

a. Use the final accounts on page 26 to complete the table below by identifying the formula and calculating the missing ratios and percentages for Oceanware Ltd.

| Ratios &<br>Percentages               | Formulae  | Olympicwear<br>Ltd | Oceanware Ltd        |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Gross Profit<br>Percentage            | $\frac{Gross \Pr{ofit}}{NetSales} \ge 100$                                    | 30%                | 25000 x100%<br>= 29% |
| i) Current<br>Ratio                   | Current Assets Current Liability  | 2.4:1              |                      |
| ii) Shareholders<br>Equity Ratio      |   | 61.5%              | 37.25%               |
| iii) Liquid Ratio                     | Current Asset -( <u>Stock + Prepayment</u> ) Current Liability-Bank Overdraft | 1.6:1              |                      |
| iv) Return on<br>Shareholders<br>fund |   | 11.25%             | 17.9%                |
| v) Net Profit<br>Percentage           | Net Profit x 100%<br>Net Sales 1  | 3.4%               |                      |
| vi) Return on<br>Total Assets         |   | 6.9%               | 6.7%                 |

| Skill Level 1 |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1             |  |  |  |  |
| 0             |  |  |  |  |
| NR            |  |  |  |  |

| Skill Le | vel 1 |
|----------|-------|
| 1        |       |
| 0        |       |
| NR       |       |

| Skill Le | vel 1 |
|----------|-------|
| 1        |       |
| 0        |       |
| NR       |       |

| Skill Le | vel 1 |
|----------|-------|
| 1        |       |
| 0        |       |
| NR       |       |

| Skill | Le | vel 1 |
|-------|----|-------|
| 1     |    |       |
| 0     |    |       |
| NR    | 2  |       |

| Skill Le | vel 1 |
|----------|-------|
| 1        |       |
| 0        |       |
| NR       |       |

| b. |        | e <b>ONE</b> ratio or percentage from the table in (a) that measure the first the business. | e following   |
|----|--------|---|---------------|
|    | i)     | Profitability:  | Skill Level 1 |
|    |        |   | 1             |
|    |        |   | 0             |
|    |        |   | NR            |
|    | ii)    | Financial Stability:  | Skill Level 1 |
|    |        |   | 1             |
|    |        |   | 0             |
|    |        |   | NR            |
|    | iii)   | Liquidity:  | Skill Level 1 |
|    |        |   | 1             |
|    |        |   | 0             |
|    |        |   | NR            |
| C. |        | one area that the business should measure which is not                                      | Skill Level 1 |
|    | stated | l in (b).   | 1             |
|    |        |   | 0<br>NR       |
|    |        |   |               |
| d. | Give • | one ratio that measure the area that you identified in (c).                                 | Skill Level 1 |
|    |        |   | 1             |
|    |        |   | 0<br>ND       |
|    |        |   | NR            |
|    |        |   |               |
| e. | State  | the purpose of calculating the ratio in (d).  | Skill Level 2 |
|    |        |   | 2             |
|    |        |   | 1             |
|    |        |   | 0<br>NR       |
|    |        |   | INU           |

| Explain the relationship between the ratio you stated in (d)   | Skill Le              | eve |
|--|-----------------------|-----|
| with the liquidity position of the business.   | 3                     |     |
|  | 2                     |     |
|  | 1                     |     |
|  | 0                     |     |
|  | NR                    |     |
|  | IVIX                  |     |
| Explain how the information provided by the current ratio differ from the information provided by the Liquid Ratio.    |                       |     |
| nom the information provided by the Enquire ratio.   | Skill Le              | eve |
|  |                       | Ι   |
|  | 3                     | _   |
|  | 2                     |     |
|  | 1                     |     |
|  | 0                     |     |
|  | NR                    |     |
| You are required to advise Malakai on the business he should invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your |                       |     |
|  |                       |     |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  | Skill Le              | ·Ve |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  | Skill Le              | eve |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  |                       | 2V6 |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  | 4                     | eve |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  | 4                     | •v• |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  | 4 3 2                 | eve |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  | 4<br>3<br>2<br>1<br>0 | 200 |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  | 4<br>3<br>2<br>1      | 200 |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  | 4<br>3<br>2<br>1<br>0 | ÷V€ |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  | 4<br>3<br>2<br>1<br>0 |     |
| invest in base on the analysis you have done in (a). Your  | 4<br>3<br>2<br>1<br>0 | eve |

|  |    | evel |
|--|----|------|
|  | 3  |      |
|  | 2  |      |
|  | 1  |      |
|  | 0  |      |
|  | NR |      |
|  |    |      |
|  |    |      |
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|  |    |      |
|  |    |      |

# SECTION F: PREPARATION OF INFORMATION FOR MANAGEMENT DECISION MAKING TOTAL: 26 Marks

#### Question 1: Management and Decision making

Read the following information and answer the questions that follow.

Beauty Kids run a number of day-care centres throughout Tonga. Beauty Kids has decided to establish a new day care centre at Mu'a. The land and building have been purchased near a new housing development which has attracted a large number of families with preschool children. Resource management consent and planning permission have been obtained, and Beauty Kids is in the process of making the necessary alterations and extensions to the building to meet the requirements for a day-care centre.

| State <b>one</b> item of non-financial information that Be would have considered before purchasing the land |                 | Skill I |
|---|-----------------|---------|
| would have considered before purchasing the land  | and buildings.  | 1       |
|   |                 | 0       |
|   |                 | NR      |
|   |                 | 1414    |
| Describe why this non financial information in (a)  | is important to |         |
| the decision to establish a new day-care centre.  |                 | Skill I |
|   |                 | 2       |
|   |                 | 1       |
|   |                 | 0       |
|   |                 | NR      |
| Evaluia in datail vibra actablishing a new day are s  | io              |         |
| Explain in detail why establishing a new day-care of  | centre is       |         |
| Explain in detail why establishing a new day-care considered a strategic decision for Beauty Kids.          | centre is       | Skill I |
|   | centre is       | Skill I |
|   | centre is       |         |
|   | centre is       | 3       |
|   | centre is       | 3       |
|   | centre is       | 3 2 1   |

d. Beauty Kids prepared a number of different budgets before making a decision to establish a new day care centre at Mu'a.

| Explain  | the purpose | e of Beauty . | Kids p | reparing   | a Cash    | budget | to aid |
|----------|-------------|---------------|--------|------------|-----------|--------|--------|
| with the | decision to | establish a   | new d  | lay care o | centre at | Mu'a.  |        |
|          |             |               |        |            |           |        |        |
|          |             |               |        |            |           |        |        |

| Skill Level 3 |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|
| 3             |  |  |
| 2             |  |  |
| 1             |  |  |
| 0             |  |  |
| NR            |  |  |

e. Using the following budgeted information, prepare a cash budget for the first two months (April and May 2015) of Beauty Kids operations at Mu'a. A template is provided on page 33.

The following information has been provided to help complete the cash budget

• The number of children expected to attend Beauty Kids per month for April and May 2015 are shown in the table below. Caregivers are invoiced on the 20th of each month.

|                                     | April  | May    |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Number of children expected per day | 20     | 26     |
| Budgeted fees for the month         | 24,000 | 24,000 |

- It is expected that caregivers will pay as follows:
  - 80% of fees will be received before the end of the month as care givers receive a 5% discount for payment within 7 days of the invoice date.
  - 15% of fees will be received in the month following the invoice date.
  - 5% of fees will be received two months after the invoice date.
- A government grant of \$10,000 will be received in May.
- Set up costs including resource management consents are estimated to be \$14,500. Three quarters of this is payable in April, the remaining amount will be settled in May.
- The centre manager's salary is \$4250 after tax per month, payable monthly. A PAYE tax payment on this salary of \$750 will be paid in May.
- Apart from the manager, teachers are employed on a need basis as follows: The ratio of children to teacher cannot exceed 6:1. All teachers employed earn \$2400 per month before tax. Teachers are paid at the end of each

month in which they work. PAYE amounts to 15% of the total wage bill for the month and is paid to the Inland Revenue Department in the following month.

• General expenses are estimated at \$0.15 per dollar of revenue. Expenses are paid in the month in which they occur.

#### Cash Budget for Beauty Kids (Mu'a) for April and May 2015

| Estimated Receipts              | April | May |
|---------------------------------|-------|-----|
| Cash from accounts receivable   |       |     |
| Government grant                |       |     |
| Total cash received             |       |     |
| Estimated Payments              |       |     |
| Set up costs                    |       |     |
| Centre manager's salary         |       |     |
| PAYE on centre manager's salary |       |     |
| Teacher's salaries              |       |     |
| PAYE on teachers' salaries      |       |     |
| General expenses                |       |     |
| Total cash paid                 |       |     |
| Surplus(Deficit)                |       |     |

| Skill Le | evel 4 |
|----------|--------|
| 4        |        |
| 3        |        |
| 2        |        |
| 1        |        |
| 0        |        |
| NR       |        |

f. Explain why teachers' salaries are a semi-variable cost for Beauty Kids.

| ias | • |  |  |   |
|-----|---|--|--|---|
|     |   |  |  |   |
|     |   |  |  |   |
|     |   |  |  | _ |
|     |   |  |  |   |

| Skill Le | evel 3 |
|----------|--------|
| 3        |        |
| 2        |        |
| 1        |        |
| 0        |        |
| NR       |        |

Beauty Kids has decided to establish a new day-care centre at Mu'a. The land and buildings have been purchased near a new housing development, which has attracted a large number of families with preschool children.

Use the following information to answer the following questions:

- Beauty Kids (Mu'a) is budgeting on revenue per child of \$7.50 per hour.
- Beauty Kids (Mu'a) is budgeting on variable expenses per child of \$4.50 per hour.
- Each child is expected to attend the day care for 160 hours per month.
- Fixed cost per month are expected to \$9,000.

|   | Calculate the breakeven number of hours per month needed to be charged by Beauty Kids (Mu'a).   |               |
|---|---|---------------|
|   |   | Skill Level 1 |
|   |   | 1             |
|   |   | 0             |
|   |   | NR            |
|   |   |               |
|   |   |               |
| • | The cash budget for Beauty Kids (Mu'a) indicates a cash deficit for April. Recommend to the manager what she should do to cover this deficit. |               |
|   |   | Skill Level 3 |
|   |   | 3             |
|   |   | 2             |
|   |   | 1             |
|   |   | 0             |
|   |   | NR            |
|   | Describe <b>one</b> consequence your recommendation will have for the cash position of Beauty Kids in May.                                    | Skill Level 2 |
|   |   | 2             |
|   |   | 1             |
|   |   | 0             |
|   |   | NR            |
|   |   |               |

| Write a paragraph including three fully explained reasons why the<br>new Beauty Kids (Mu'a) centre is likely to be successful. You must<br>include at least one financial reason and at least one non financial |         |      |
|---|---------|------|
| reason for your answer.   |         |      |
|   | Skill L | .eve |
|   | 4       |      |
|   | 3       |      |
|   | 2       |      |
| <del></del>   | 1       |      |
|   | 0       |      |
|   | NR      |      |
|   |         |      |
|   |         |      |
|   |         |      |
|   |         |      |
|   |         |      |
|   |         |      |