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# TONGA FORM SIX CERTIFICATE 2022

## AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE

## **QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOKLET**

Time allowed: 3 Hours

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Write your **Student Enrolment Number (SEN)** on the top right-hand corner of this page.
- 2. This paper consists of **EIGHT SECTIONS** and is out of 80 weighted scores.

SECTION	STRANDS	TOTAL SKILL LEVEL
ONE	NATURAL ECOSYSTEM AND ENVIRONMENT	7
TWO	SOILS	15
THREE	CROP PRODUCTION	11
FOUR	PLANT PROTECTION	7
FIVE	ANIMAL PRODUCTION	11
SIX	ANIMAL PROTECTION	10
SEVEN	AGRICULTURAL MANAGEMENT	14
EIGHT	AGRICULTURAL MARKETING	7
	TOTAL	80

- 3. Answer ALL QUESTIONS. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.
- 4. Use a **BLUE** or **BLACK** ball point pen only for writing. Use a pencil for drawing if required.
- 5. If you need more spaces for answers, ask the supervisor for extra paper. Write your **Student Enrolment Number (SEN)** on each additional sheet, number the questions clearly and insert them in the appropriate places in this booklet.
- 6. Check that this booklet contains pages 2-19 in the correct order and that none of the pages is blank.

#### SECTION ONE: NATURAL ECOSYSTEM AND ENVIRONMENT

Two farmers from 'Eua, whose properties bank onto a stream, apply nutrients to their gardens. Farmer (1) Sione mixes composted material into the soil before planting vegetables. But Farmer (2) Siale applies fertilizer, spreading this by hand onto the soil surface before watering it.

Use this information to answer a, b and c.

Consider these **TWO** (2) management practices:

1.	Using composted material, OR		
2.	Applying fertilizer.	Skill le	vel 1
a.	Select the management practice that would have the least negative effect on	1	
	the environment.	0	
		NR	
b.	Use this selected management practice in (a) to answer questions (b) and (c) below Explain the <b>effects</b> of the selected management practice in (a) on the <b>environment</b> .	Skill le	vel 3
		3	
		2	
		1	

c. Give **ONE** (1) reason why your **chosen management practice** is **better** than the other practice when applying nutrients to the garden, in relation to:

<ul><li>Ease and effectiveness</li><li>The stream.</li></ul>		Skill level 1	
•	The stream.	1	
		0	
		NR	

Mr 'Oleti's Bush Allotment ('apitukuhau) located at the Fua'amotu area has been **over-cultivated**.

d. Describe the **impact of over-cultivation** on the environment.

 Skill lev	vel 2
 2	
1	
0	
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### SOILS

A dairy farmer from Ha'apai whose property has mainly **sandy loam soil** must carry out **irrigation** during the summer, and dispose of **effluent** from the dairy shed.

d plant nutrients on plant growth.		
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	<del></del>	
	Skill I	lev
	3	Т
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	1	+
	0	+
		_
xplain the <b>effect of effluent (Waste water -</b> vai uli 'oku tukuange mai mei he j	NR	
aplain the <b>effect of effluent (Waste water -</b> <i>vai uli 'oku tukuange mai mei he j</i> the nutrient status of the soil.		
	faletaukau)	
	faletaukau)  Skill	
	faletaukau)  Skill   3 2	
	faletaukau)  Skill	

Mulching mater	rial has been recom	mended for the com	mercial growing	of Kava and	Vanilla
multing much	iai iias occii iccoiii	inchaca for the com	microidi growing	or ixuvu unu	v unimi

	Skill le	vel
	1	
	0	
	NR	
Describe the <b>characteristics of mulching</b> and how it minimizes <b>s</b> o	oil water loss.	
	Skill le	vel
	2	
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	Skill le	vel
	Skill le	vel
		vel
	4	vel

#### **FERTILISER APPLICATION**

Fertilizers are commonly applied to improve the yield and quality of vegetable and fruit crops.

**Inorganic Fertilizers** that provide the nutrients are nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium. They are in demand by growers.

f. Name **ONE** (1) Inorganic **Nitrogen fertilizer** that promotes the growth and development of **leaves**.

Skill le	vel 1
1	
0	
NR	

g. Name **ONE** (1) **Inorganic Phosphorus fertilizer** that promotes the growth and development of **roots**.

Skill level 1			
1			
0			
NR			

#### **CROP PRODUCTION**

What is <b>humidity</b> ?	Skill le	vei
	1	
	0	
	NR	
Explain how <b>humidity affects important plant processes</b> in the growth and development plants.	ent of	
	Skill le	ve
	3	
	2	
	1	
	0	
	NR	

Manx	seeds have a	period of	dormancy	which	must be	broken	before the	v can	germinate
iviani	sccus nave a	periou or	uui iiiaiic y	WIIICII	must be	DIOKCII	octore un	y can	germmate.

	<del></del>
	Skill lev
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	3
	2
	1
	0
	NR
Describe <b>TWO</b> (2) methods used to <b>break seed dormancy</b> (NOT mentioned and how each method helps the seed to <b>germinate</b> .	
	Skill lev
	Skill lev
	2

#### **SECTION FOUR:**

#### PLANT PROTECTION

A taro grower from Veitongo has been growing taro in the same place for 5 years. When harvesting each year, he noticed the **rotting of corms** (*Pala e foha*). Therefore, he decided to spray the taros with insecticides. For the last two years, the yield of taro has been decreasing. The grower is considering the following management practices:

A.	Applying	more	insecti	cides	OR
	11 / 0				

<b>-</b>	D	. 1	
B.	Rotating	the	crops.

You work as an Extension Officer for the Ministry of Agriculture.					
	am of rotating the	e crops in the sar	ne area to assist t	the control of	
nematodes.					
					Skill le
					1
					0

#### **SECTION FIVE:**

b.

#### **ANIMAL PRODUCTION**

Toloa Dairy Farm which milks 100 cows is keen to increase milk production and uses the following management practices:

- A. supplementary feeding with grains
- B. grazing cows in larger areas of leafy pasture

a.	Choose the <b>management practice</b> in <b>A</b> or <b>B</b> that you would recommend to the farm	Sk
	manager to increase milk production.	
		<b>-</b>

	Skill level 1			
	1			
•	0			
	NR			

Use this management practice to answer parts (b) and (c) below.

xplain <b>how</b> this managen	ent practice increases milk produ	iction.

 Skill level 3		
 3		
 2		
 1		
 0		
 NR		

c.

	ilk production.		
C	onsider the:		
•	Costs of the management practices		
•	Ease of using the management practices		
•	Feed values of the management practices.		
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		Skill le	
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The Toloa Farm Manager decided to resow a paddock with pastures to replace **Guinea Grass**.

e. Choose a **pasture grass** to be grown that would result in a pasture suitable for grazing milking cows in Toloa.

Skill le	Skill level 1	
1		
0		
NR		

#### **SECTION SIX:**

#### **ANIMAL PROTECTION**

The Hango Farm manager has noticed an increase in the number of cows with **mastitis**, a bacterial disease that reduces milk production. The farm manager has the following management practices available to reduce the number of cows with mastitis:

A.	Culling	the	infected	cows.

В.	Treating the l	herd with a	antibiotics s	such as 1	penicillin at	the end of	f the milking	season.

	Skill le	vel 1
Select the <b>management practice</b> you would recommend to the farmer to reduce <b>mastitis</b> in the herd.	1	
in the nerd.	0	
	NR	
Use this management practice selected above in (a) to answer part (b) below.		
Explain how your chosen management practice reduces mastitis in the herd.		
	_	
	_	
	_	
	_	
	_	
	Skill le	vel 3
	- 3	
	2	
	1	
	0	
	NR	

Drenching is the main technique used by farmers to reduce the effects that **internal parasites**, (mainly worms), have on growth rates.

c. Describe how sheep and cattle become **infected** with **internal worms**.

 Skill lev	vel 2
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 . 1	
 . 0	
NR	

Explain how <b>high internal worm</b> numbers <b>reduces</b> the growth and/or productivity	of lambs		
or calves.			
	Skill le	ev	/6
	3	T	_
	2	T	_
	1		
	0		
	NR		
Ticks is a significant external parasites of cattle.		_	
What is the <b>external parasites</b> that causes <b>Mange Disease</b> in Pigs?	Skill le	ev	/
what is the external parasites that causes wange Disease in Figs:	1		
	0		
	NR	T	

## SECTION SEVEN: AGRICULTURAL MANAGEMENT

Significant of Market Opportunity.

a.	Define market opportunity.	Skill le	vel 1
		1	
		0	
		NR	
mark	vers / producers usually have to meet certain quality requirements when supplying a particular tet opportunity. In order to meet these quality requirements, they manipulate the management cices that are carried out during the production process for that particular product.		
b.	Choose <b>ONE</b> (1) export product and discuss <b>quality requirements</b> for the selected market opportunity, and why this market opportunity has these quality requirements.		
			vel 4
		4	
		3	
		2	
		1	
		0	
		NR	

	<del></del>
	Skill lev
	3
	2
	1
	0
	NR
	Skill lev
	3
	2
	1
	0
	NR
Define <b>Tariffs</b> in Agricultural Trade.	Skill lev
	1
	0

#### **SECTION EIGHT:**

#### AGRICULTURAL MARKETING

Consumer demand and Market prices.

Skill   3   2	of the product. preferences	• Consumer pi
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3		
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3		
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3		
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1 7		
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NR		
	market forces that you have explained in part (a), above, and rank then effect on the demand ( <b>Promotion, Consumer Preference, price</b> ,) for any product	
Skill		_
1	1:	Most important)
0	2:	
	2:	Least important)

19		
ribe your ranking order by comparing the impact of the market forces or	n the	
nd (price, quantity, or timing) for the selected primary product.		
	Skill le	eve
	2	Τ
	1	
	0	+
	NR	1
	Skill le	eve
Identify the <b>marketing opportunities</b> available for Cassava.	1	
	0	
	NR	